## EE 204 Signals and Systems Laboratory **3**

## I. PREPARATION

A. Please study the followings,

Unit Step: function y = u(t) $y = (t \ge 0);$ 

Ramp: function r = ramp(t) $r = t \cdot (t \ge 0);$ 

Impulse: function y = imp(t)y = (t == 0);

Rectangle: function y = rect(t)y = u(t + 0.5) - u(t - 0.5);

Discrete time Step: function y = stepDT(n) y = zeros(size(n)); y(n >= 0) = 1;ss = find(round(n) ~= n);
if(~isempty(ss)) y(ss) = NaN;end end

Discrete time impulse : function y = impDT(n) y = zeros(size(n))y(n == 0) = 1;ss = find(round(n) ~= n); if(~isempty(ss))
 y(ss) = NaN; end end

*Discrete time ramp : function y = rampDT(n)* y = zeros(size(n)); y = 2cros(size(n)),  $y(n \ge 0) = n(n \ge 0);$   $ss = find(round(n) \sim = n);$ if ~isempty(ss) y(ss) = NaN;end end

## B. Please do the followings,

1) Draw the following signals by hand. a) s1(t) = u(t-1)b) s2(t) = u(2t+4)c) s3(t) = u(3t+1) + u(t-1) + u(t-3) + 3u(t-5)d) s4(t) = r(t+1)e) s5(t) = r(t+1) - 2r(t) + r(t-1) $f) \ s6(t) = r(t-1) - 2r(t-4)$ g)  $s7(t) = \delta(2t-1) + \delta(3t-2) + \delta(4t+3) + \delta(2t-4)$ h)  $s8(t) = u(t-2) + \delta(t-1) + u(t+4)$ j)  $s9(t) = u(t+1) + \delta(t-2)$ 

2) Draw the following discrete time signals by hand. a)  $s1[n] = \delta[n-2]$ b)  $s1[n] = \delta[n-2] + \delta[2n-6] + \delta[n-2] + \delta[n-2]$ c) s3[n] = u[n-2] - u[n-5]d)  $s4[n] = u[n-2] + \delta[n-5]$ e)  $s5[n] = \delta[n-2]n^2 + u[n-2] + 1$ f) s6[n] = r[n] - 2r[n-2] + r[n-4]

## **II. EXPERIMENT**

1) Draw the following discrete time signals using matlab

a)  $s1[n] = \delta[n-3]$ 

b)  $s1[n] = \delta[2n-2] + \delta[2n-6] + \delta[2n-10] + \delta[n-8]$ c) s3[n] = u[n+2] - u[n-5]

d)  $s4[n] = u[n+2] + \delta[n-5]$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} e) \ s5[n] = \delta[n-3]n^2 + u[n-4] \\ f) \ s6[n] = r[n] - 2r[n-2] + r[n-4] \end{array}$ 

f) s7[n] = r[n+2] - 2r[n-2] + r[n-6]

2) Also draw the following continuous time signals using Matlab

a)  $s_1(t) = u(t-2) + \delta(t-5)$ 

b)  $s_2(t) = u(t+1) + \delta(t) - u(t-3) + r(t-6)$ 

c)  $s_3(t) = u(t) + u(t-1) - 3\delta(t-5) + u(t-8) - 3u(t-10)$ 

d)  $s_4(t) = r(t) - 3r(t-4) - \delta(t-6) + u(t-8)t$ 

e)  $s_5(t) = 2u(t+2) + u(t) + 5\delta(t-3) - \delta(t-5)t^2$ 

3) Draw the following signals in Matlab: .2

$$x_1(t) = e^{-t} u(t) - r(t)t^2$$

 $x_2[n] = \cos(n)u(n)n^2$ 

4) Consider the following piecewise function:

$$f(t) = \left\{egin{array}{ccc} 0, & t < -\epsilon \ rac{1}{2\epsilon}t, & -\epsilon < t < \epsilon \ 1, & t > \epsilon \end{array}
ight.$$

Show that when  $\epsilon$  goes to zero, this function converges to the unit step function.

5) Draw the following signal in Matlab step by step:  

$$f = r(-t) - r(-t-2) - 2u(-t-2) + \delta(t)$$

6) Consider the following signal:





7) Draw the following piecewise function:

$$f = \begin{cases} \sin(t) & t \le -10 \\ \delta(t) & -10 \le t \le 10 \\ u(t) & t \ge 10 \end{cases}$$